



WEBLOK<sup>™</sup> ASSEMBLIES QUICK CONNECT<sup>™</sup> HOOKS FLAT-EYE RIGGING HOOKS WEB SLING SHACKLES MASTER LINKS SUB-ASSEMBLIES Columbus McKinnon Corporation has a rich tradition, spanning more than 140 years, of providing quality motion control products and services to meet the needs of users in a variety of industries around the globe. Professional riggers, maintenance workers, plant engineers and safety specialists rely on the CM line of rigging products to lift, pull and secure loads in a variety of applications. We continue to innovate and expand our rigging portfolio to meet industry needs and give customers the products they need for their unique and challenging applications.



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## WORKING LOAD LIMIT: UP TO 75,000 LBS. AVAILABLE IN 6 SIZES FROM 3/8" TO 1-1/4"

When working with synthetic slings, CM Weblok assemblies allow for quick, easy and safe sling attachment. CM Webloks are available in two designs. Synthetic-to-attachment Webloks combine our industry-leading CM Hammerlok® coupling link with a CM synthetic sling attachment. Synthetic-to-synthetic Webloks feature two synthetic sling attachments. CM Webloks are available with either single or double load pin retention, depending on your application.

#### **BENEFITS & FEATURES**

**VERSATILE & EASY TO USE** 

For use with round slings, web slings and high-performance synthetics. Simply connect a sling to the synthetic sling attachment of the Weblok and a master link or other rigging attachment to the Hammerlok portion to efficiently and safely lift your load. For synthetic-to-synthetic Webloks, simply attach a sling to both ends.

#### **MADE OF DURABLE FORGED ALLOY STEEL**

Forged rigging products are better than cast rigging products. When compared, forged parts feature greater ductility, better fatique life, higher tensile strength and have a finer grain structure. This combination of enhanced features allows for lighter, better performing products with a lower risk of internal defects.

#### **5:1 DESIGN FACTOR**

#### **100% PROOF TESTED**



#### **DURABLE ORANGE POWDER COATED FINISH**

Synthetic sling attachment portions of the CM Weblok feature the widely recognized CM orange powder coated finish, providing an extra-smooth surface for synthetic attachments.

#### **MEETS ASTM A952 &** WSTDA-RS1 STANDARDS

Buy with confidence knowing your product is safe to operate and meets industry-recognized overhead lifting standards.

#### **INDUSTRY-LEADING SAFETY**

Available with either single or double retention. Webloks with double retention feature a load pin retention system that incorporates a bolt head and lock nut to prevent the load pin from backing out during extreme use – delivering the highest level of safety on the market. For less severe applications, single-retention Webloks use the same retention system as CM's legendary Hammerlok.



SYNTHETIC TO ATTACHMENT WITH SINGLE RETENTION



SYNTHETIC TO SYNTHETIC WITH DOUBLE RETENTION

# OPTIONAL UNIQUE DOUBLE LOAD PIN RETENTION

## **SAFETY IS A TOP PRIORITY**

When working with synthetic slings, CM Weblok assemblies allow for quick, easy and safe sling attachment. CM Webloks are available with either single or double load pin retention, depending on your application.





SINGLE RETENTION

DOUBLE RETENTION

**Retention Component 2:** Load pin is designed to act like a bolt, featuring a capped end and lock nut.



Traditional stud tube and spring assembly engages the center of the load pin.



SYNTHETIC TO SYNTHETIC

## SYNTHETIC TO ATTACHMENT



## **SPECIFICATIONS**

Sizo	Working I (Ib	Working Load Limit (lbs.)		Product Code		Dimensions (in.)								
(in.)	Design	Factor	Single	Double	Load Pin		Б	_		_	-			(lbs.)
	5:1	4:1	Retention	Retention	KIT	A	D	L L		-		G		
Synth	etic to Atta	chment												
3/8	6,250	7,850	867010-2	867010-4	R867010-4	2.33	1.05	0.93	0.53	1.16	3.15	4.48	1.00	1.49
5/8	12,500	15,650	867020-2	867020-4	R867020-4	3.57	1.55	1.35	0.88	1.74	4.32	6.19	1.25	3.96
3/4	18,750	23,450	867025-2	867025-4	R867025-4	4.31	1.78	1.55	1.04	2.02	5.47	7.61	1.38	6.62
7/8	30,000	37,500	867030-2	867030-4	R867030-4	5.00	2.25	1.92	1.05	1.83	5.15	7.60	1.75	8.96
1	40,000	50,000	N/A	867035-4	R867035-4	5.86	2.74	2.37	1.25	2.31	6.57	9.67	2.25	16.18
1-1/4	60,000	75,000	N/A	867040-4	R867040-4	7.04	3.00	2.70	1.53	2.63	7.41	10.92	2.31	25.35
Synth	etic to Synt	thetic												
3/8	5,000	N/A	877010-2	877010-4	R867010-4	0.80	1.31	3.30	0.93	2.00	3.18	4.90	1.00	2.03
5/8	10,000	N/A	877020-2	877020-4	R867020-4	0.99	1.52	4.10	1.38	2.75	4.13	6.08	1.25	4.56
3/4	15,000	N/A	877025-2	877025-4	R867025-4	1.10	2.13	5.58	1.55	2.75	4.48	7.78	1.38	6.96
7/8	25,000	N/A	877030-2	877030-4	R867030-4	1.41	2.00	5.32	1.92	3.75	6.00	8.14	1.75	11.00
1	40,000	N/A	N/A	877035-4	R867035-4	1.85	2.89	7.15	2.37	4.74	7.45	10.84	2.25	22.79
1-1/4	60,000	N/A	N/A	877040-4	R867040-4	1.98	3.22	8.00	2.70	5.75	8.88	11.96	2.31	33.30





## WORKING LOAD LIMIT: UP TO 13,200 LBS. WEB SLING EYE WIDTHS UP TO 3"

Ideal for use with synthetic slings, CM Quick Connect Hooks are the quickest and easiest way to add hooks to any synthetic sling by eliminating the need for additional hardware or assembly tools. Designed with a large bearing surface, these hooks prevent the sling from bunching, allowing the sling to be used at full capacity. And, for easy selection, Quick Connect Hooks are color coded to match common industry synthetic sling capacities.

#### **BENEFITS & FEATURES**

#### **QUICK & EFFICIENT ATTACHMENT**

Hook design allows for quick and efficient rigging without the need for additional tools or hardware. Simply open the latch, slide in the sling, close the latch and put the sling into position – it's that easy.

#### LONGER SLING LIFE

Smooth, flat bearing surface prevents abrasive synthetic sling damage. Hook design also protects the sling, eliminating wear caused by sharp load edges and the need for additional edge protection.

#### LOW SLING WEIGHT AND COST

By eliminating the need for additional hardware or oversized components to prevent bunching, the weight savings synthetic slings provide will be maintained. Quick Connect Hooks allow for quick sling-to-load connection without relying on a choker or basket hitch, thus eliminating the need for longer, more expensive slings.



**SPECIFICATIONS** 

#### EASY SELECTION

Hooks are color coded to match common synthetic sling capacities. Working load limits are also forged into the hook for easy reference. (NOTE: Always refer to the synthetic sling tag and Quick Connect Hook for working load limit of the assembly.)

#### SECURE SLING ATTACHMENT

Hook eye is designed with a recessed area to ensure the sling stays in place. Sling will not come out of the eye unless purposely removed.

### **STRONG & DURABLE**

Forged for optimum strength and durability. Each hook is individually proof tested to 2x the working load limit.

**STANDARD HOOK LATCHES** Uses same latches as standard CM Clevlok<sup>®</sup> sling hooks.

I-BEAM DESIGN REDUCES OVERALL SLING WEIGHT

EMBOSSED FOR WORLDWIDE USE



WLL: 2,600 LBS.

#### COLOR CODED TO MATCH COMMON SYNTHETIC SLING CAPACITIES









13,200 LBS.

Color	Working Load	Product	Latch	Dimensions (in.)									Weigh	
	(lbs.)	Code	Kit	A	В	C	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	(IDS.)
	2,600	M85030	4X85030	0.770	3.530	0.794	2.884	1.500	1.500	0.418	0.938	0.813	0.580	1.450
	5,300	M85060	4X85060	1.034	4.589	1.040	3.751	1.625	1.875	0.553	1.200	1.188	0.865	3.735
	8,400	M85090	4X455329	1.208	5.410	1.172	4.325	1.875	2.375	0.640	1.500	1.250	1.043	5.835
	13.200	M85120	4X455329	1.384	6.141	1.392	5.026	2.125	2.625	0.744	1.750	1.438	1.200	8.282







## WORKING LOAD LIMIT: UP TO 5 TONS WEB SLING EYE WIDTHS UP TO 3"

Designed specifically for use with synthetic slings, CM Flat Eye Rigging Hooks provide a wide, smooth, load-bearing surface that won't damage synthetic material, promoting longer sling life. The flat eye opening eliminates bunching and pinching of the synthetic sling, ensuring the sling can be used at full capacity.

## **BENEFITS & FEATURES**

#### **HIGH SLING STRENGTH**

Flat eye eliminates bunching, providing significantly higher synthetic sling strength as compared to standard round eye-type fittings. Eye width exceeds WSTDA recommended radii to further ensure maximum ultimate synthetic strength is achieved.

#### LONGER SLING LIFE

Smooth, flat bearing surface prevents abrasive synthetic sling damage.

#### **STRONG & DURABLE**

Made of quenched and tempered alloy steel for strength and durability.

#### **VERSATILE USE**

Can be used with either web or round slings. (Note: For round slings, ensure working load limits are compatible.)

#### AVAILABLE WITH AND WITHOUT LATCHES

Uses same latches as other standard CM rigging hooks.

**5:1 DESIGN FACTOR** 

**CE COMPLIANT** 

MEETS OR EXCEEDS ASME B30.10 STANDARDS







### **SPECIFICATIONS**

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Working	Product Code			Dimensions (in.)									Weight (Ibs.)			
(tons)	With Latch	Without Latch	Latch Kit	A	В	D	F	G	к	L	0	R	т	w	without Latch	with Latch
1-1/2	M8503	M8403	4X1303	2.38	1.20	3.37	0.75	0.94	0.71	5.36	0.97	3.98	0.97	1.50	1.16	1.25
3	M8505	M8405	4X1305	3.79	1.88	4.25	1.13	1.26	0.94	7.21	1.21	5.31	1.21	2.50	2.82	3.00
5	M8507	M8407	4X1307	5.53	2.84	5.11	1.63	1.44	1.38	9.27	1.47	7.06	1.47	4.00	5.50	5.90



# CARBON WEB SLING SHACKLE

## WORKING LOAD LIMIT: 8,000 TO 23,500 LBS.

### **BENEFITS & FEATURES**

- Designed to connect synthetic web and round slings to eye bolts and other lifting hardware
- Design factor 4:1
- Web sling shackles can be used on web slings from 2 to 6 inches in width
- Shackle body: carbon steel, heat treated
- Shackle pin: alloy steel, heat treated
- Finish: hot dip galvanized

- Zinc-plated linchpin comes standard. Cotter or hairpin available on special order.
- Do not point load. The load should be evenly distributed over the entire pin to achieve full working load limit.



Product	Pin	Linch Pin	Working		Din	nensions (	in.)		Weight
Code	Number	Number	(lbs.)	Р	D	L	W	R	(lbs.)
M702	2X702	65930	8,000	0.75	0.63	2.25	2.00	1.63	1.70
M703	2X703	65930	13,000	0.88	0.75	3.25	3.00	1.88	2.86
M704	2X704	65930	11,000	0.88	0.75	3.75	4.00	1.88	3.15
M705	2X705	65934	18,000	1.00	0.88	4.25	5.00	2.13	4.75
M706	2X706	65934	18,000	1.13	1.00	4.75	6.00	2.38	6.75
M706H	2X706H	65934	23,500	1.25	1.13	4.75	6.00	2.63	9.80



# ALLOY WEB SLING SHACKLE

## WORKING LOAD LIMIT: 13,500 TO 22,500 LBS.

## **BENEFITS & FEATURES**

- Designed to connect synthetic web and round slings to eye bolts and other lifting hardware
- Design factor 6:1
- Web sling shackles can be used on web slings from 3 to 6 inches in width
- Utilize a bolt and nut with linchpin to secure the assembly in place

- All shackles are galvanized for longer life
- Marked with working load limit (WLL) and size
- Do not point load. The load should be evenly distributed over the entire pin to achieve full working load limit.



	Product	Pin Number	Linch Pin	Working		Din	nensions (	(in.)		Weight
	Code		Number	(lbs.)	Р	D	L	W	R	(lbs.)
Γ	M703A	2X8703A	65930	13,500	0.88	0.75	3.25	3.00	1.88	3.01
	M704A	2X8704A	65930	14,500	0.88	0.75	3.75	4.00	1.88	3.16
	M705A	2X8705A	65934	19,000	1.00	1.00	4.25	5.00	2.38	6.04
	M706A	2X8706A	65934	22,500	1.13	1.13	4.75	6.00	2.63	9.02



# ASTER LINK WITH & WITHOUT FLATS

WORKING LOAD LIMIT: 3,360 TO 142,440 LBS.

### **BENEFITS & FEATURES**

- Designed to accept HA800 chain, wire rope and synthetic attachments
- Use with mechanical and welded assemblies
- Sizes up to 1-1/4" available with flats to accommodate Omega link
- 100% proof tested
- 6:1 design factor
- Extra wide body makes these links ideal for wire rope applications and use with Omegaloks. Master link with flat allows for easy installation of these attachments.





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Can be used with included angles up to 120°

			Nomin	al Dimensio	ns (in.)	Flat Dimensions (in.)			Sling Type and Size		
Trade Size (in.)	Wire Rope & Synthetics	Product Code	Material	Inside	Inside	14/2-141-	Thistory	Weight (lbs.)	(ii	1.)	
()	(lbs.)		A B		C	Width	Inickness	(ISOI)	Single	Double	
7/16	3,360	ML040 ML040NF	0.44	4.13	2.29	0.94	0.28	0.50	7/32 & 9/32	7/32	
1/2	4,600	ML050 ML050NF	0.56	4.84	2.69	0.94	0.28	1.02	-	7/32	
5/8	7,200	ML063 ML063NF	0.63	5.29	2.98	1.22	2.81	1.34	3/8	9/32	
3/4	11,360	ML075 ML075NF	0.75	6.61	3.72	1.41	0.40	2.36	1/2	3/8	
7/8	13,840	ML087 ML087NF	0.88	7.35	4.14	1.56 -	0.44	3.60	-	-	
1	21,200	ML100 ML100NF	1.00	7.53	4.30	1.56	0.53	5.20	5/8	1/2	
1-1/4	29,920	ML125 ML125NF	1.25	9.26	5.29	1.56	0.68	9.60	3/4 & 7/8	5/8	
1-1/2	42,400	ML150	1.50	11.03	6.30	-	-	16.20	1	3/4	
1-3/4	57,720	ML175	1.75	12.86	7.35	-	-	25.10	-	7/8	
2	75,360	ML200	2.00	14.70	8.40	-	-	41.00	1-1/4	1	
2-1/4	95,360	ML225	2.25	16.54	9.45	-	-	58.00	-	-	
2-1/2	117,720	ML250	2.50	18.38	10.50	-	-	74.90	-	1-1/4	
2-3/4	142,440	ML275	2.75	20.21	11.55	-	-	99.80	-	_	

NOTE: Master link with flats are available through 1-1/4" only. Part numbers with "NF" are for master links WITHOUT flats.

#### **BODY SUB-ASSEMBLY** WID Ξ

**WORKING LOAD LIMIT: 4.600 TO 142.400 LBS.** 

### **BENEFITS & FEATURES**

- Designed to accept Herc-Alloy 800<sup>®</sup> chain, wire rope and synthetic attachments
- Durable orange powder coated finish
- 100% proof tested
- May be used for mechanical and welded sling assemblies
- Extra wide body is ideal for wire rope applications
- Sizes up to 1-1/4" intermediate links available with flats to accommodate Omega links
- 6:1 design factor



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NOTE: Master link with flats are available through 1-1/4" only





IN THE US

Can be used with included angles up to 120°

# SYNTHETIC SLING OVERVIEW

Synthetic slings are a combination of synthetic straps, hooks, rings or other attachments used primarily for overhead lifting applications. Slings are generally used in conjunction with a crane or some type of lifting device and allow riggers to create a custom configuration to lift a load depending on the needs of the unique application.

## **STANDARD TYPES OF SYNTHETIC SLINGS**

Standard sling configurations consist of synthetic straps that are affixed on one end to a master link or ring with some type of attachment, typically a hook, attached to the opposite end. When choosing a synthetic sling, there are six different types to choose from:

## TYPE I: TC SLING

Triangle fitted on one end and a slotted triangle choker fitting on the other end. *Hitches: vertical, basket or choker hitch.* 

## TYPE II: TT SLING

Triangle fitted on both ends. *Hitches: vertical, basket only.* 

## TYPE III: EE SLING

Flat loop eye on each end, loop eye opening on the same plane as sling body. Also called flat eye, eye and eye, or double eye sling.

## TYPE IV: EE SLING

Both loop eyes formed as Type III, except the loop eyes are turned to form a loop eye that is at a right angle to the plane of the sling body. Also called twisted eye sling.

## TYPE V: EN SLING

Endless web sling, referred to as a grommet. Sling is a continuous loop formed by joining ends of the webbing together with a loadbearing splice.

## TYPE VI: RE SLING

Reverse eye web sling is formed by using multiple widths of webbing held edge to edge. A wear pad is attached on one or both sides of the web sling body and on one or both sides of the loop eyes to form a loop eye at each end at a right angle to the plane of the web sling body.



Source: WSTDA

# **SYNTHETIC SLING INSPECTION**

Per ASME B30.9 and OSHA 1910.184 you are required to perform sling inspections, including frequent and periodic inspections. In addition to these required inspections, upon receipt, all new, altered, modified or repaired slings shall be inspected to ensure compliance with the applicable ASME / OSHA standards and regulations.

# **FREQUENT VS. PERIODIC INSPECTIONS**

## **FREQUENT INSPECTION:**

Visual inspection for damage shall be performed each day or shift the sling is used. Slings found with damage per ASME B30.9 or OSHA 1910.184 shall immediately be removed from service. Slings shall not be returned to service until approved by a qualified person. Records do not need to be kept for frequent inspections.

## **PERIODIC INSPECTION:**

Complete inspection of the sling shall be performed during periodic inspections. Inspection shall be conducted on the entire length of the sling, including splices and fittings. Slings found with damage per ASME B30.9 and OSHA 1910.184 shall be removed from service immediately. Slings shall not be returned to service until approved by a qualified person.

# A thorough (periodic) inspection of slings, including rigging hardware, shall be performed by a competent person designated by the employer and shall include a thorough inspection for:

- Wear
- Deformation (twist)
- Increase in length (stretch)
- Sharp transverse nicks and gouges
- Abrasion (dragging or pulling out from under loads)
- Corrosion (pitting)
- Heat damage (burn, weld spatter)

Note: These are general guidelines for inspection. Depending on the environment the sling is used in, additional inspection may be required. Some criteria may only apply to rigging hardware.

## The frequency of periodic inspections shall not exceed one year. Frequency of inspection should be based on:

- Frequency of sling use
- Severity of service conditions
- Nature of load handling activities
- Experience gained on the service life of slings used in similar circumstances

Slings used for normal service should be inspected once per year. Slings used for severe service should be inspected monthly to quarterly. Slings used for special service should be inspected as recommended by a qualified person.

Source: American Society of Mechanical Engineers ASME B30.9 and Occupational Safety and Health Administration OSHA 1910.184

## **REMOVAL FROM SERVICE CRITERIA**

Per ASME standards, there are certain criteria under which synthetic slings and rigging hardware should be removed from service. It is important to follow these service criteria to prevent serious harm, bodily injury or death.

## SYNTHETIC WEBBING SLINGS REMOVAL FROM SERVICE CRITERIA

Per ASME B30.9-5.9.5, synthetic webbing slings shall be removed from service if any of these conditions exist.

- Missing or illegible sling identification (Shall be marked with: name or trademark of manufacture, manufacturer's code or stock number, rated load for at least one hitch type and the angle upon which it is based, type of synthetic web material and number of legs, if more than one)
- 2. Acid or caustic burns
- 3. Melting or charring of any part of the sling
- 4. Holes, tears, cuts or snags
- 5. Broken or worn stitching in load-bearing splice
- 6. Excessive abrasive wear

- 7. Knots in any part of the sling
- 8. Discoloration and brittle or stiff areas on any part of the sling, which may mean chemical or UV sunlight damage
- Fittings that are pitted, corroded, cracked, bent, twisted, gouged or broken. (Refer to the proper standard for full removal from service criteria: ASME B30.10 for hooks or ASME B30.26 for rigging hardware)
- 10. Any other conditions, including visible damage that cause doubt to the continued use of the sling





## POLYESTER & HIGH-PERFORMANCE ROUND SLINGS REMOVAL FROM SERVICE CRITERIA A round sling is any sling fabricated in an endless or continuous configuration.

A round sling is any sling fabricated in an endless or continuous configuration. Polyester round slings have a double wall exterior cover and load-bearing polyester core yarns internally. High-performance round slings have a double wall exterior and a synthetic blend of load-bearing core yarns internally.

Whether categorized as polyester or high-performance, round slings must be inspected and follow specific removal from service criteria as set forth by ASME B30.9-6.9.5. These criteria include:

- Missing or illegible sling identification (Shall be marked with: name or trademark of manufacture, manufacturers code or stock number, rated load for at least one hitch type and the angle upon which it is based, core material, cover material if different from core material and number of legs, if more than one)
- 2. Acid or caustic burns
- 3. Evidence of heat damage
- 4. Holes, tears, cuts, abrasive wear or snags that expose core yarns
- 5. Broken or damaged core yarns

- 6. Weld spatter that exposes core yarns
- 7. Knots in the round sling except for core yarns inside the cover
- Fittings that are pitted, corroded, cracked, bent, twisted, gouged, or broken (Refer to the proper standard for full removal from service criteria: ASME B30.10 for hooks or ASME B30.26 for rigging hardware)
- Any other conditions, including visible damage that cause doubt to the continued use of the sling





## UNDERSTANDING & CALCULATING BEARING STRESS

Bearing stress is an important, but commonly overlooked, calculation to ensure safe sling use. This calculation will determine how much stress a sling is seeing in the working area of the shackle.

Per WSTDA, the recommended bearing stress value is 7,000 lbs./sq. in. or less. This calculation should be done any time a lift is being conducted with a synthetic strap and connecting hardware.

To calculate bearing stress, follow the calculations below:

## **DETERMINE EFFECTIVE WIDTH:**

This is the width the sling can use inside of a shackle. Effective Width = Shackle Width (catalog width from the manufacturer) x .75

## **DETERMINE LOAD BEARING AREA:**

This is the area the sling is in contact with. Load Bearing Area = Hardware Diameter x Effective Width

## DETERMINE BEARING STRESS AT HARDWARE CONNECTION:

Should be 7,000 lbs./sq. in. or less to prevent damage to the sling. Bearing Stress = Sling Load (IN POUNDS) ÷ Load Bearing Area



Source: WSTDA 4.7.1.1 - 4.7.1.3

## FORGING VERSUS CASTING

Forging and casting are two very different manufacturing methods. When something is cast, the material is heated above its melting temperature and poured into a mold where it solidifies. When something is forged it is physically forced into shape while remaining in a solid state – although it is frequently heated.

Forged rigging attachments are generally better than cast. Forgings normally have less porosity, finer grain structure, higher tensile strength, better fatigue life and strength, and greater ductility than cast hardware. Why is this the case? When you melt metal to cast it, the grain size is free to expand. When it cools back to a solid, the grain structure is coarser and more random, decreasing its strength. Interior voids are also possible. The diagrams on the right illustrate the difference in grain flow between a forging and a casting.

For these reasons, CM utilizes a best-in-class forging process to ensure our rigging hardware is strong, durable and reliable.



**FORGING** Uniform grain flow gives material higher strength



**CASTING** Random grain flow with larger grain structure makes material weaker than forged products

# **HOOK INSPECTION & USE**

## **INSPECTION:**

- 1. Discard hooks that are worn more than 10% of the original dimension or are worn beyond a specific dimension or tolerance as provided in a wear allowance table, chart or diagram.
- 2. Discard hooks that have an increase in throat or slot opening more than 5% of the original opening (not to exceed 1/4 inch).
- 3. Discard hooks with any visibly apparent bend or twist from the plane of the unbent hook.
- 4. Replace load pins that are permanently distorted.
- 5. Hooks should not be subjected to bending, exposed to sharp objects or tip loaded.
- 6. Replacement load pins shall be obtained from the manufacturer of the hook.

## USE:

- 1. Care should be exercised during use, so the hook is not abused or damaged.
- 2. Hooks attached to chain should be selected to match the size and working load limit of the chain.
- 3. Do not exceed the working load limit or shock load the chain or attachments. Loads applied rapidly or dropped freely can result in serious overloading of the hook.
- 4. Use proper size chain in the throat of the grab hook.
- 5. Hooks should not be subjected to bending, exposed to sharp objects, tip loaded (unless specified by the manufacturer) or loaded in a manner inconsistent with its design.
- 6. Avoid exposure to corrosive mediums or high temperatures that could affect the thermal treatment and strength of the hook.
- Hooks can be used from -40 degrees F to 400 degrees F without reduction of working load limit. Call the manufacturer if you exceed these temperatures.

Refer to American Society of Mechanical Engineers ASME B30.10 for a discussion of hooks, inspection procedures and operating practices.

Always verify manufacturer's information prior to use.

**HOOK LATCHES** 



should be removed from service.





#### SELECTING THE RIGHT SIZE HOOK/SLING

Be sure the component is of adequate size and shape so that it can be properly seated in the saddle of hook or lifting device.



### LOW HORIZONTAL ANGLES

Use a shackle or oblong master link when working with low horizontal angles. Both can be used with included angles up to 120°.



## HOOK REMOVAL FROM SERVICE CRITERIA

All hooks, whether used in synthetic slings or for other purposes, should be removed from service if any of the following conditions are present:

- 1. Deformation: any visibly apparent bend or twist from the plane of the unbent hook
- 2. Throat opening: any distortion causing an increase in throat opening of 5%, not to exceed 1/4" (or as recommended by the manufacturer)
- 3. Inoperative latch: any latch that does not close the hook's throat opening
- 4. Wear: any wear exceeding 10% (or as recommended by the manufacturer) of the original section dimension of the hook or its load pin
- 5. Markings: manufacturer's logo or trademark must be identifiable

Source: American Society of Mechanical Engineers ASME B30.10.



Bent Hook



Deformed/Bent Hook



Corrosion/Pitting



**Inoperative Latch** 

# SYNTHETIC WEB SLING WORKING LOAD LIMITS

## SYNTHETIC WEB SLING (EYE & EYE) WORKING LOAD LIMITS

EE LIGHT DUTY (CLASS 5) (1-PLY & 2-PLY)

		120			<b>1</b>	307			
Synthetic	Worki	ng Load Limi	t (lbs.)	Worki	ng Load Limit	(lbs.)			
Sling Size	Vortical	Chokor	Vertical	Two L	Two Leg or Single Basket				
(in.)	vertical	GHUKEI	90°	60°	45°	30°			
1-PLY, CLA	SS 5, EE LIG	HT DUTY							
1	1,100	880	2,200	1,905	1,555	1,100			
1-1/2	1,600	1,280	3,200	2,771	2,262	1,600			
1-3/4	1,900	1,520	3,800	3,291	2,687	1,900			
2	2,200	1,760	4,400	3,810	3,111	2,200			
3	3,300	2,640	6,600	5,716	4,666	3,300			
4	4,400	3,520	8,800	7,621	6,222	4,400			
5	5,500	4,400	11,000	9,526	7,777	5,500			
6	6,600	5,280	13,200	11,431	9,332	6,600			
2-PLY, CLA	SS 5, EE LIG	HT DUTY							
1	2,200	1,760	4,400	3,810	3,111	2,200			
1-1/2	3,300	2,640	6,600	5,716	4,666	3,300			
1-3/4	3,800	3,040	7,600	6,582	5,373	3,800			
2	4,400	3,520	8,800	7,621	6,222	4,400			
3	6,600	5,280	13,200	11,431	9,332	6,600			
4	8,200	6,560	16,400	14,202	11,595	8,200			
5	10,200	8,160	20,400	17,666	14,423	10,200			
6	12,300	9,840	24,600	21,304	17,392	12,300			

## SYNTHETIC WEB SLING (EYE & EYE) WORKING LOAD LIMITS

EE HEAVY DUTY (CLASS 7) (1-PLY & 2-PLY)

		R		60*							
Sunthotio	Worki	ng Load Limi	t (lbs.)	Worki	ng Load Limit	(lbs.)					
Slina Size			Vertical	Two L	eg or Single B	lasket					
(in.)	Vertical	Choker	Basket 90°	60°	45°	30°					
1-PLY, CLASS 7, EE HEAVY DUTY											
1	1,600	1,280	3,200	2,771	2,262	1,600					
1-1/2	2,300	1,840	4,600	3,984	3,252	2,300					
1-3/4	2,700	2,160	5,400	4,676	3,818	2,700					
2	3,100	2,480	6,200	5,369	4,383	3,100					
3	4,700	3,760	9,400	8,140	6,646	4,700					
4	6,200	4,960	12,400	10,738	8,767	6,200					
5	7,800	6,240	15,600	13,510	11,029	7,800					
6	9,300	7,440	18,600	16,108	13,150	9,300					
8	11,800	9,440	23,600	20,438	16,685	11,800					
10	14,700	11,760	29,400	25,460	20,786	14,700					
12	17,600	14,080	35,200	30,483	24,886	17,600					
2-PLY, CLA	SS 7, EE HEA	VY DUTY									
1	3,100	2,480	6,200	5,369	4,383	3,100					
1-1/2	4,700	3,760	9,400	8,140	6,646	4,700					
1-3/4	5,400	4,320	10,800	9,353	7,636	5,400					
2	6,200	4,960	12,400	10,738	8,767	6,200					
3	8,800	7,040	17,600	15,242	12,443	8,800					
4	11,000	8,800	22,000	19,052	15,554	11,000					
5	13,700	10,960	27,400	23,728	19,372	13,700					
6	16,500	13,200	33,000	28,578	23,331	16,500					
8	22,700	18,160	45,400	39,316	32,098	22,700					
10	28,400	22,720	56,800	49,189	40,158	28,400					
12	34,100	27,280	68,200	59,061	48,217	34,100					

### SYNTHETIC WEB SLING (ENDLESS) WORKING LOAD LIMITS EN LIGHT DUTY (CLASS 5) (1-PLY & 2-PLY) (TYPE V)

120 90° 300 Working Load Limit (lbs.) Working Load Limit (lbs.) Synthetic Sling Size (in.) Vertical Basket 90° **Two Leg or Single Basket** Endless Choker Vertical 60° 45° 30° 1-PLY, CLASS 5, EN LIGHT DUTY 1,760 2,200 4,400 3,810 3,111 2,200 1-1/2 3 200 2 560 6 4 0 0 5.542 4 5 2 5 3.200 6,582 1-3/4 3,800 3,040 7,600 5,373 3,800 4,400 3,520 8,800 7,621 6,222 4,400 2 3 6,600 5 280 13.200 11,431 9 3 3 2 6.600 4 8,800 7,040 17,600 15,242 12,443 8,800 11.000 8.800 22.000 19.052 15.554 11,000 5 6 13,200 10,560 26,400 22,862 18,665 13,200 2-PLY, CLASS 5, EN LIGHT DUTY 4.400 3.520 8 800 7 621 6 222 4 400 1 1-1/2 6,600 5,280 13,200 11,431 9,332 6,600 1-3/4 7 600 6 080 15 200 13 163 10 746 7 600 2 8,800 7,040 17,600 15,242 12,443 8,800 22,862 13,200 10,560 26,400 18,665 13,200 3 4 16.400 13,120 32,800 28,405 23,190 16,400 5 20,400 16,320 40,800 35,333 28,846 20,400 24,600 19,680 49,200 42,607 34,784 24,600 6

#### SYNTHETIC WEB SLING (ENDLESS) WORKING LOAD LIMITS EN HEAVY DUTY (CLASS 7) (2-PLY) (TYPE V)



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Always verify information on sling tag.

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# SYNTHETIC ROUNDSLING WORKING LOAD LIM

#### SYNTHETIC ROUNDSLING WORKING LOAD LIMITS **FOR VERTICAL & CHOKER HITCHES**

Minimum Diameter Working Load Limit (lbs.) Size Decimals (in.) Fractions (in.) Choker Vertical 2,600 1 2,100 5 1/2 2 5,300 4,200 .625 5/8 8,400 6,700 3/4 3 75 4 10,600 8,500 .875 7/8 5 13,200 10,600 1 1 6 16,800 13,400 1.125 1-1/8 7 21,200 17,000 1.375 1-3/16 20,000 1.25 1-1/4 8 25.000 9 31,000 24,800 1.5 1-1/2 40,000 32,000 1.625 1-5/8 10 42,400 2 11 53,000 2 52,800 2.125 12 66,000 2-1/8 90,000 72,000 2.5 2-1/2 13

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#### SYNTHETIC ROUNDSLING WORKING LOAD LIMITS FOR BASKET HITCHES

	W	orking Loa	s.)	Minimum Diameter			
Size		Bas	sket		Decimals	Fractions	
	90°	60°	45°	30°	(in.)	(in.)	
1	5,200	4,500	3,700	2,600	.625	5/8	
2	10,600	9,200	7,500	5,300	.875	7/8	
3	16,800	14,500	11,900	8,400	1.0625	1-1/16	
4	21,200	18,400	15,000	10,600	1.25	1-1/4	
5	26,400	22,900	18,700	13,200	1.375	1-3/8	
6	33,600	29,100	23,800	16,800	1.625	1-5/8	
7	42,400	36,700	30,000	21,200	1.625	1-5/8	
8	50,000	43,300	35,400	25,000	1.875	1-7/8	
9	62,000	53,700	43,800	31,000	2	2	
10	80,000	69,300	56,600	40,000	2.375	2-3/8	
11	106,000	91,800	74,900	53,000	2.75	2-3/4	
12	132,000	114,300	93,300	66,000	3	3	
13	180,000	155,900	127,300	90,000	3.5	3-1/2	

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#### SYNTHETIC ROUNDSLING **COLOR CHART IDENTIFYING SLINGS BY COLOR**

Industry norms only. Be sure to consult the sling tag and confirm manufacturer's sling working load limits prior to use.

Sizo	C.	lor	Working Load Limit (lbs.)								
3126	00	101	Vertical	Choker	Basket 90°						
1	Purple		2,600	2,100	5,200						
2	Green		5,300	4,200	10,600						
3	Yellow		8,400	6,700	16,800						
4	Tan		10,600	8,500	21,200						
5	Red		13,200	10,600	26,400						
6	White		16,800	13,400	33,600						
7	Blue		21,200	17,000	42,400						



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